



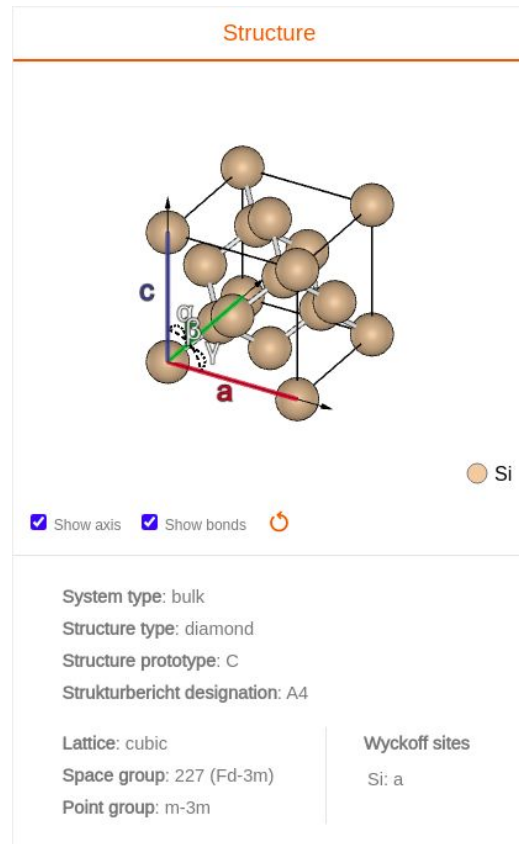
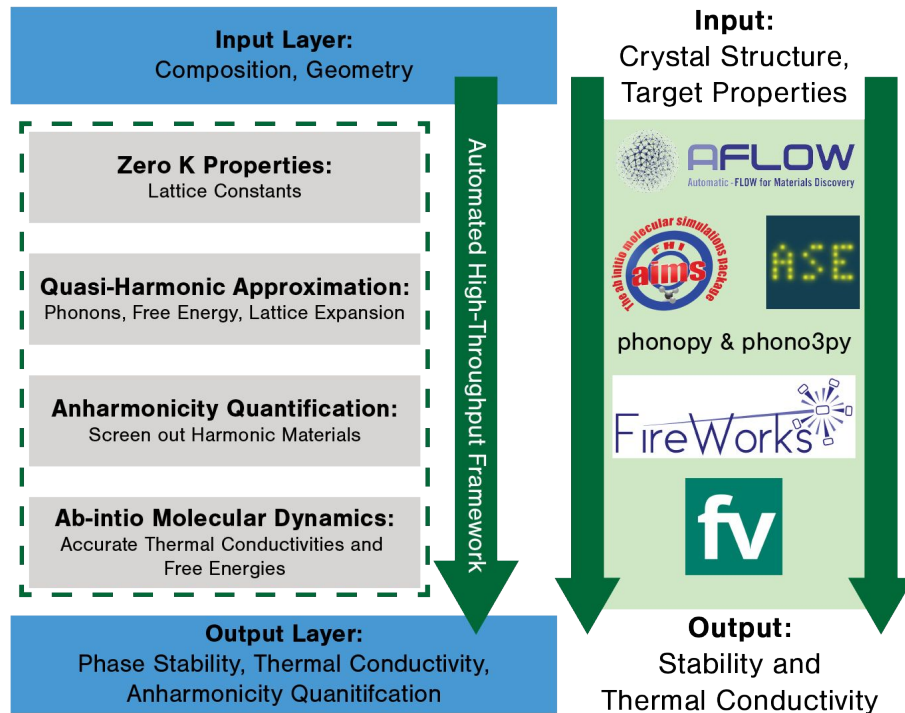
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MAX-PLANCK-GESELLSCHAFT



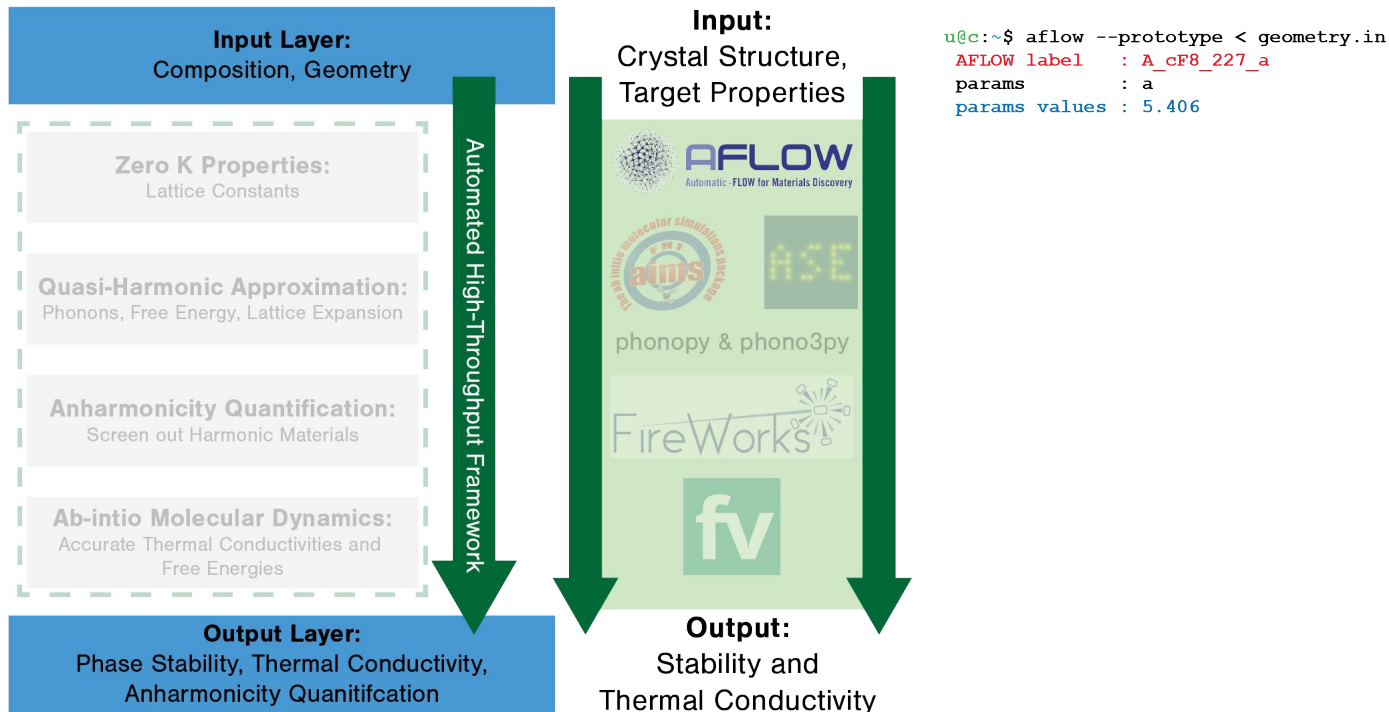
Accelerating High-Throughput Screening via Symbolic Regression: Uncovering the Relationship Between Thermal Conductivity and Anharmonicity

Thomas A. R. Purcell, Matthias Scheffler, Luca M. Ghiringhelli, Christian Carbogno
Nov 16, 2021

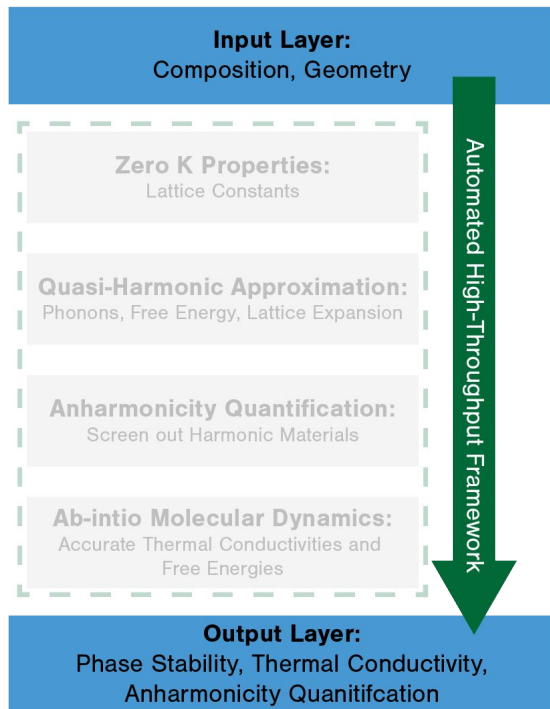
The HTC Framework



Use Aflow to Standardize Structures



Generate Symmetrized Structures with Aflow



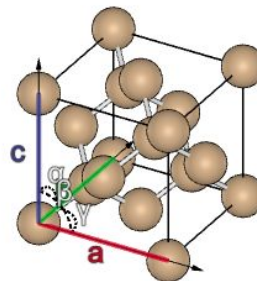
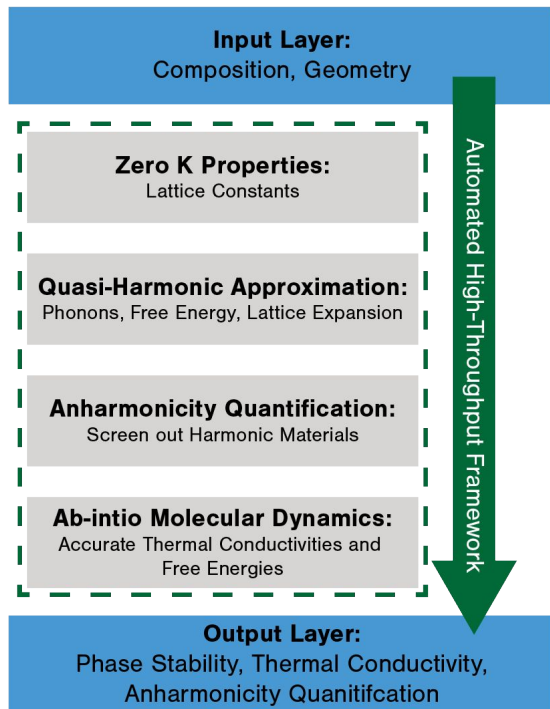
```
u@c:~$ aflow --prototype < geometry.in
AFLOW label : A_cF8_227_a
params      : a
params values : 5.406
u@c:~$ aflow --proto=A_cF8_227_a:Si --params=5.406 --aims --add_equations
# A/A_cF8_227_a.A params=5.406 SG=227 [ANRL doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2017.01.017 (part 1), doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2018.10.043 (part 2)]
# AFLOW::AIMS BEGIN
lattice_vector 0.00000000000000 2.70300000000000 2.70300000000000
lattice_vector 2.70300000000000 0.00000000000000 2.70300000000000
lattice_vector 2.70300000000000 2.70300000000000 0.00000000000000
atom_frac 0.12500000000000 0.12500000000000 0.12500000000000 Si
atom_frac 0.87500000000000 0.87500000000000 0.87500000000000 Si
# format: symmetry_n_params [n n_lv n_fracpos]
symmetry_n_params 1 1 0
symmetry_params a
symmetry_lv 0 , 0.5*a , 0.5*a
symmetry_lv 0.5*a , 0 , 0.5*a
symmetry_lv 0.5*a , 0.5*a , 0
symmetry_frac 0.125 , 0.125 , 0.125
symmetry_frac 0.875 , 0.875 , 0.875
# AFLOW::AIMS END
```

Mehl, M.; et al. *Comput. Mater. Sci.* **136**, S1. (2017)

Hicks, D.; et al. *Comput. Mater. Sci.* **161**, S1. (2018)

Lenz, M.-O.; et al. *npj Comput. Mater.* **5**, 123. (2019)

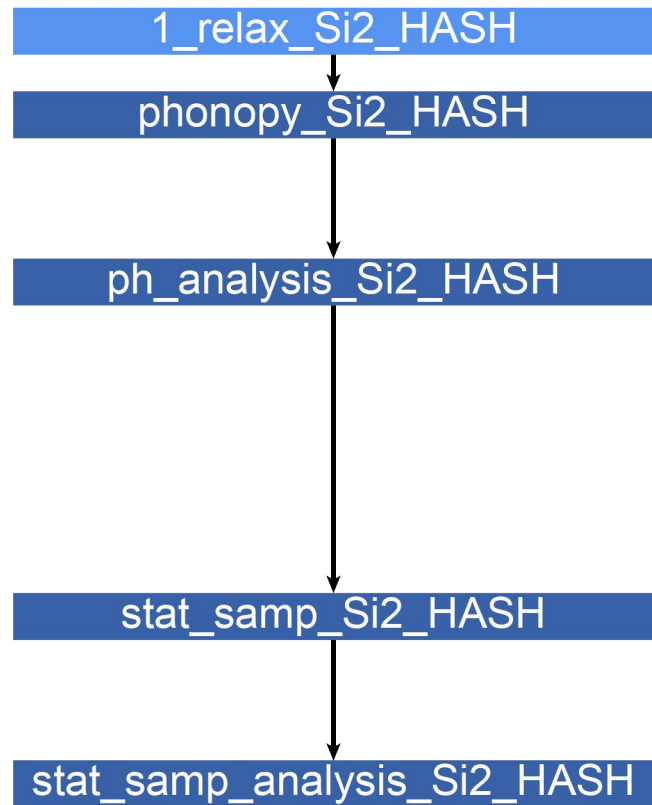
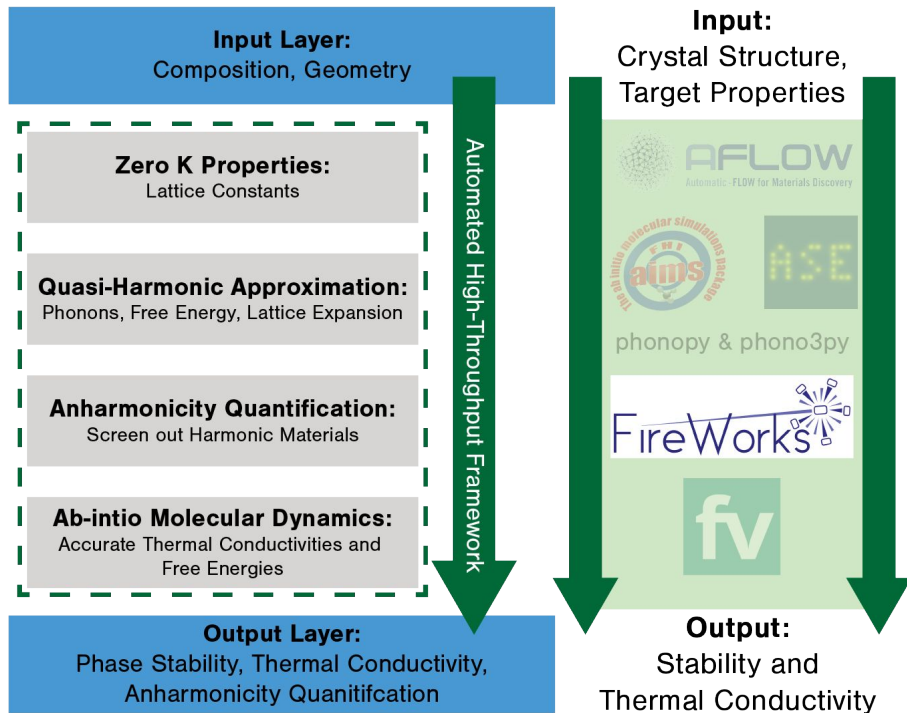
Initiate the Workflow



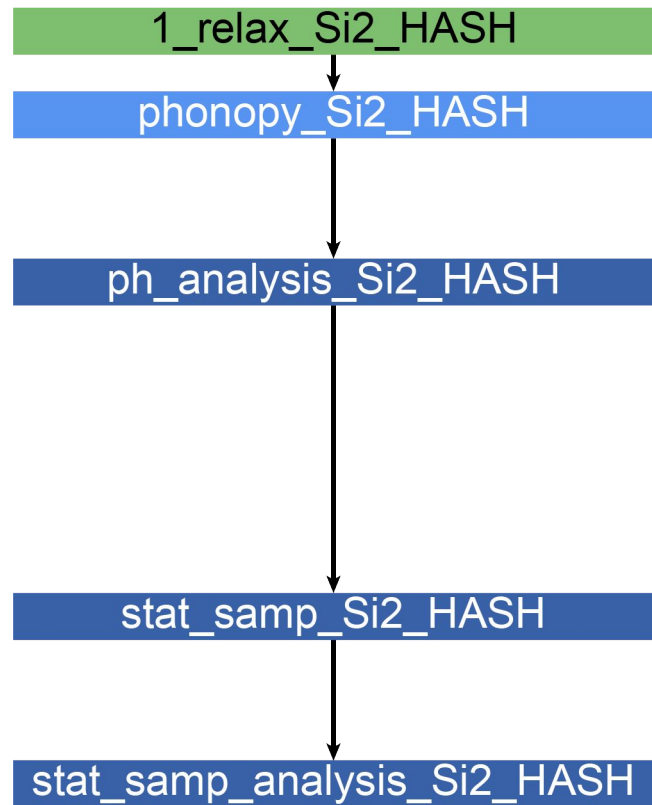
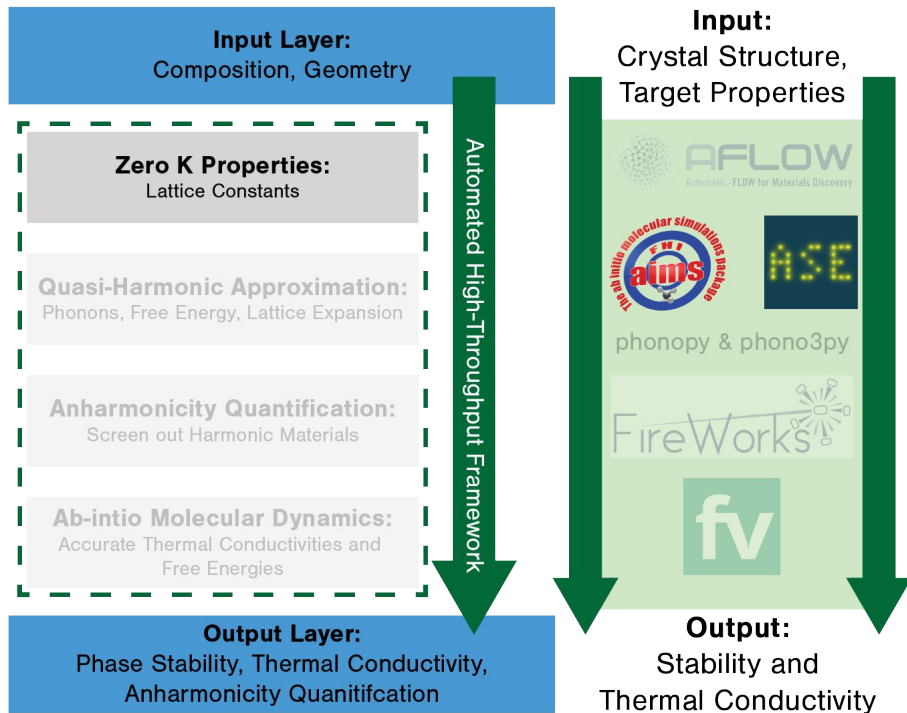
```
{
  "cell": [
    [0.000, 2.703, 2.703],
    [2.703, 0.000, 2.703],
    [2.703, 2.703, 0.000]
  ],
  "positions": [
    [0.67575, 0.67575, 0.67575],
    [4.73025, 4.73025, 4.73025]
  ],
  "symbols": ["Si", "Si"],
  "masses": [28.0855, 28.0855],
  "info": {},
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}
```

```
[calculator]
...
[relaxation]
...
[phonopy]
...
[statistical_sampling]
...
```

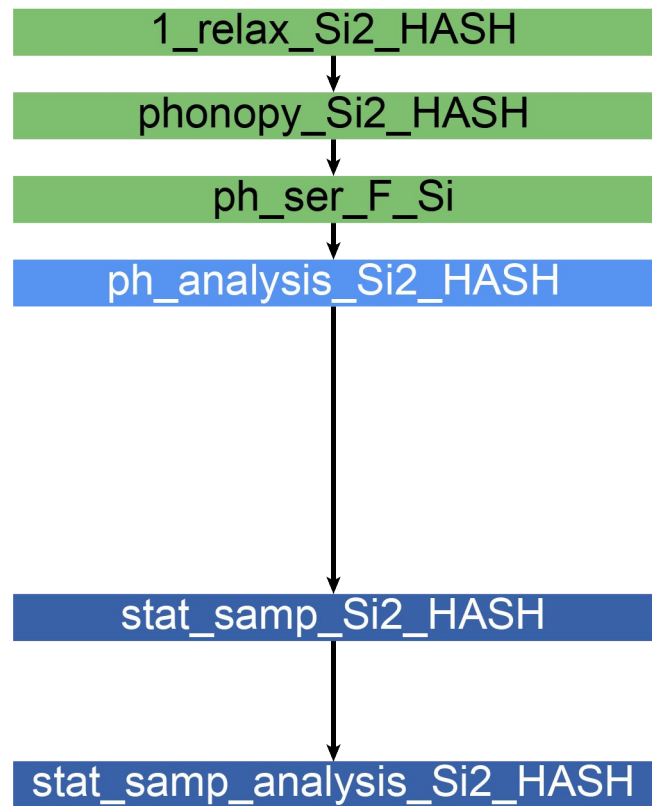
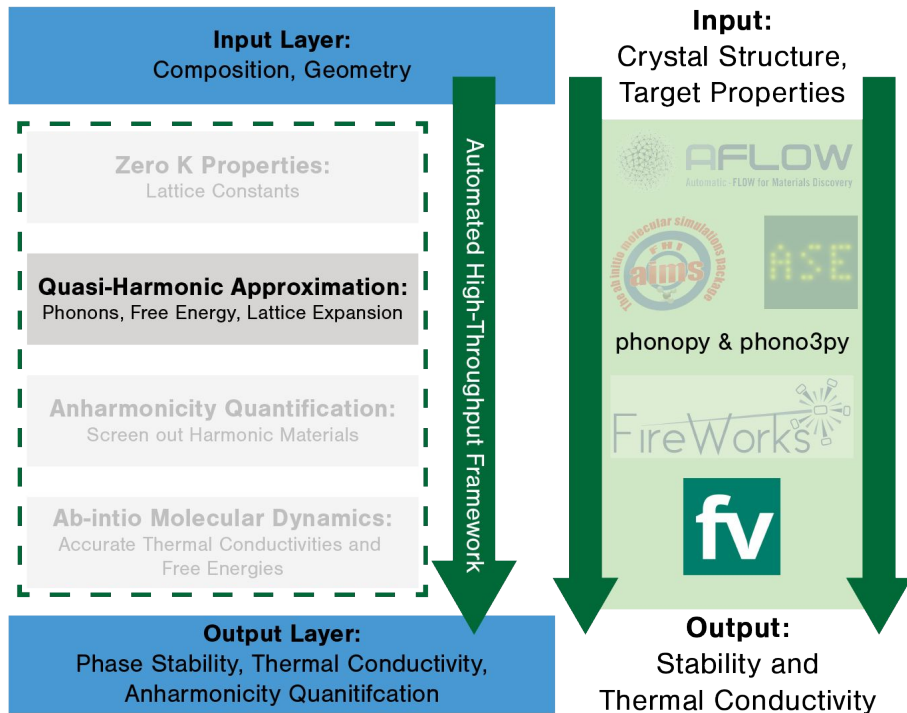
Initiate the Workflow



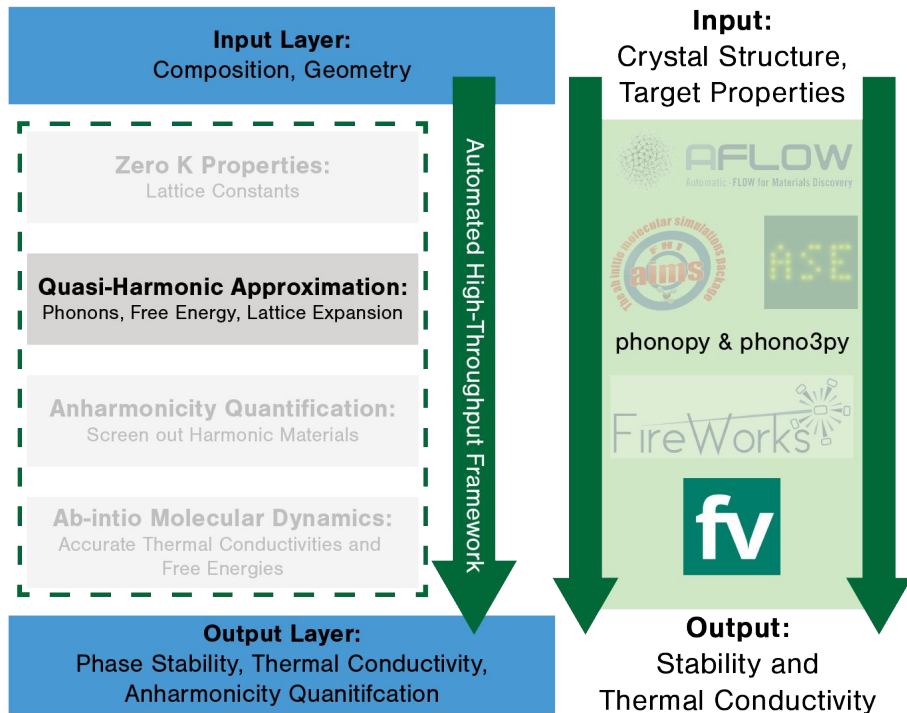
Relax the Structures with Parametric Constraints



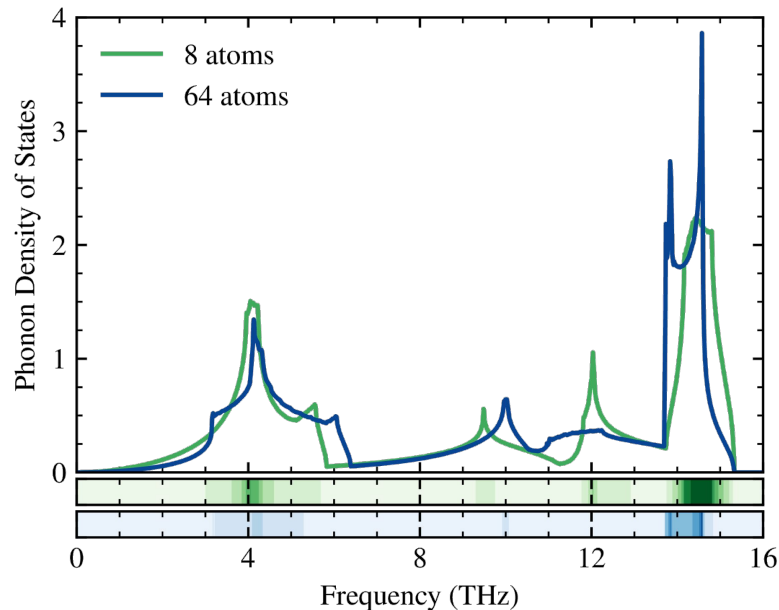
Build a Harmonic Model



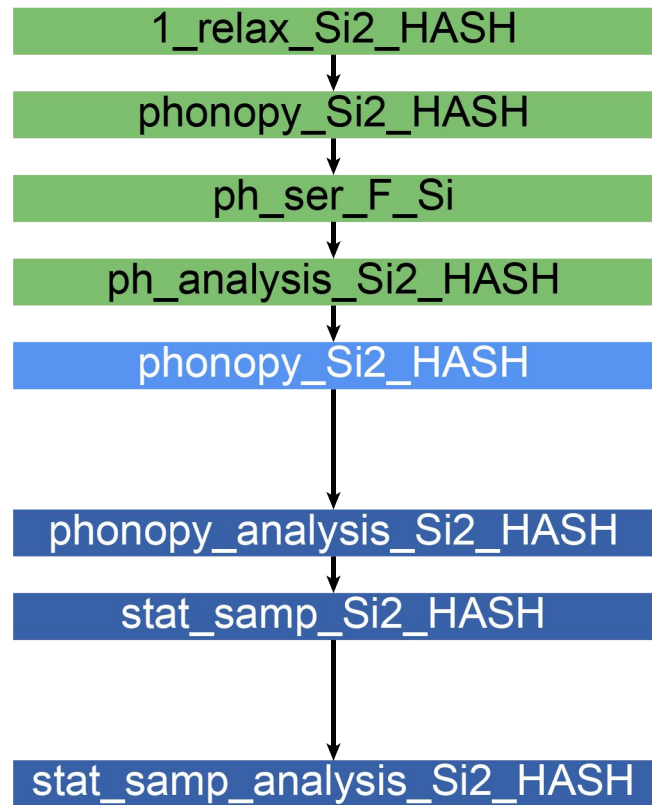
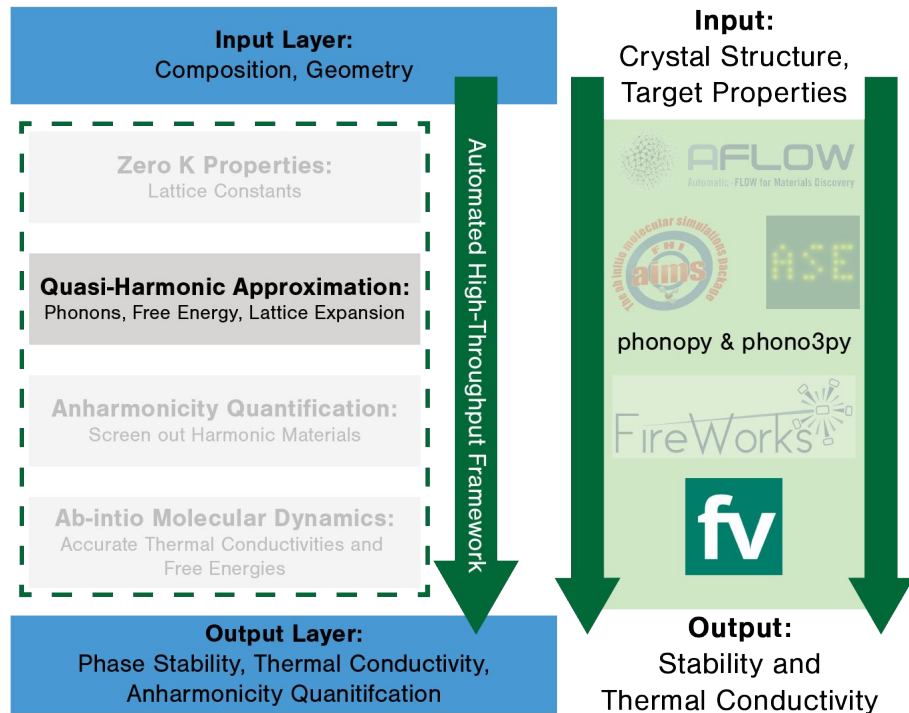
Check the Convergence of the Harmonic Model



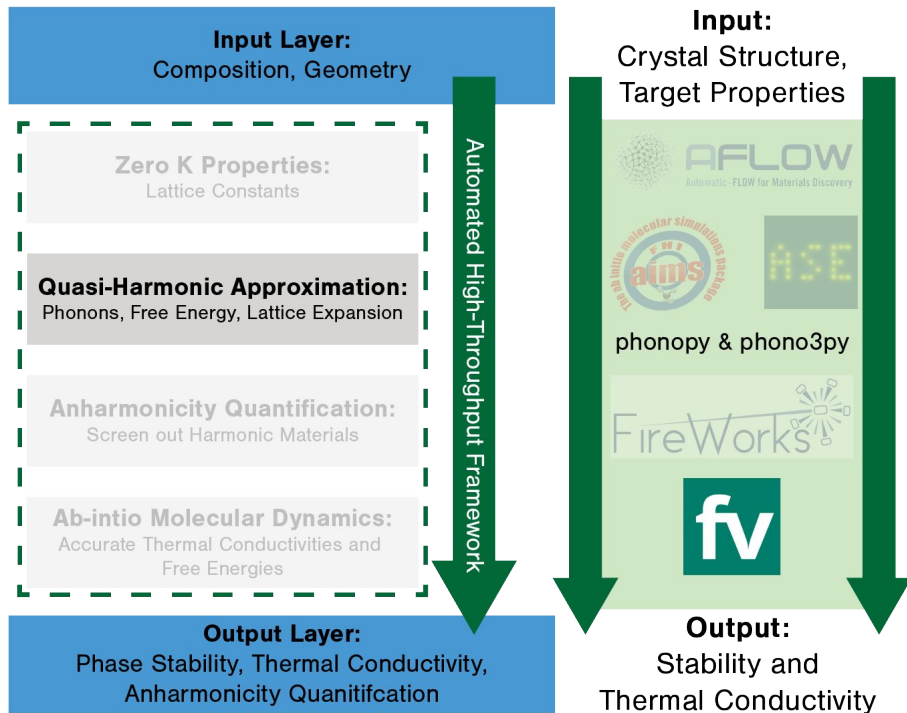
$$f(A, B) = \frac{A \cdot B}{|A|^2 + |B|^2 - A \cdot B}$$



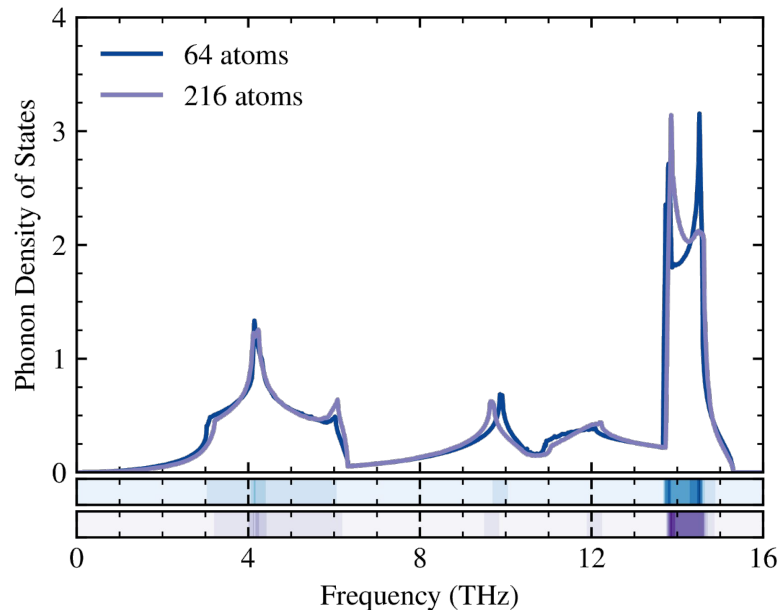
Automatically Generate New Tasks with Larger Supercells



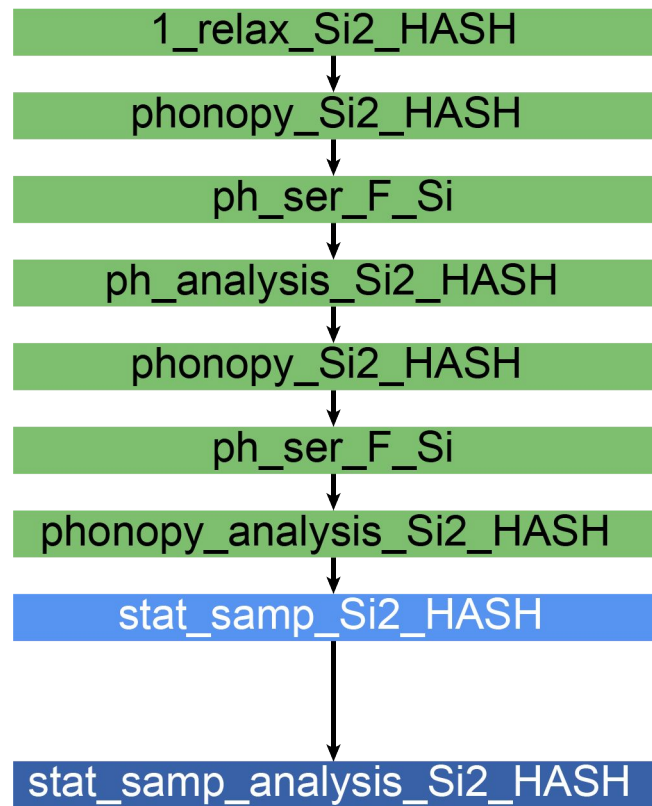
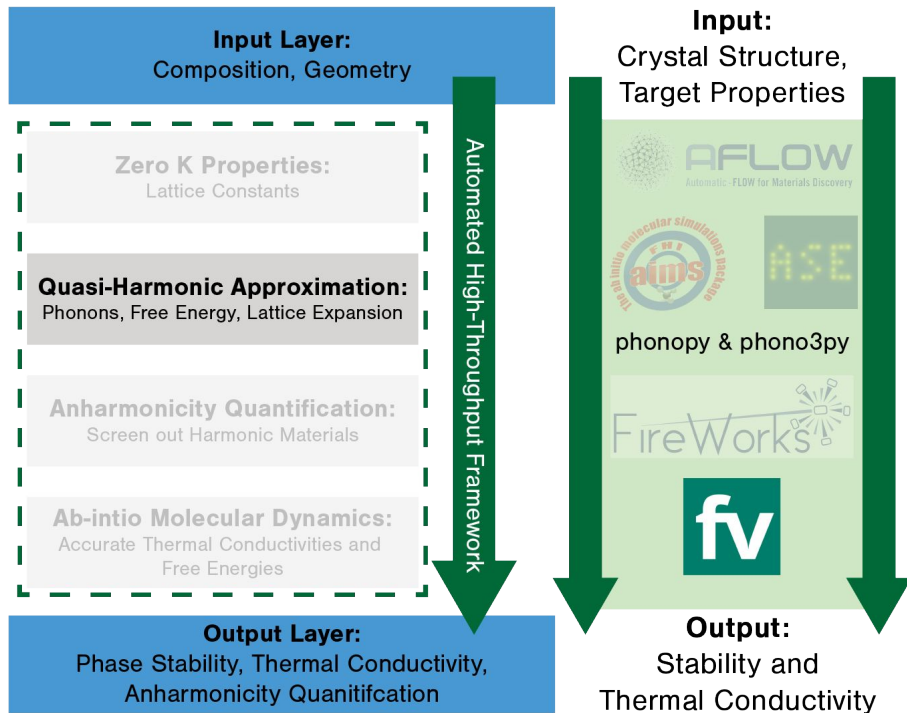
Harmonic Model Convergence Reached



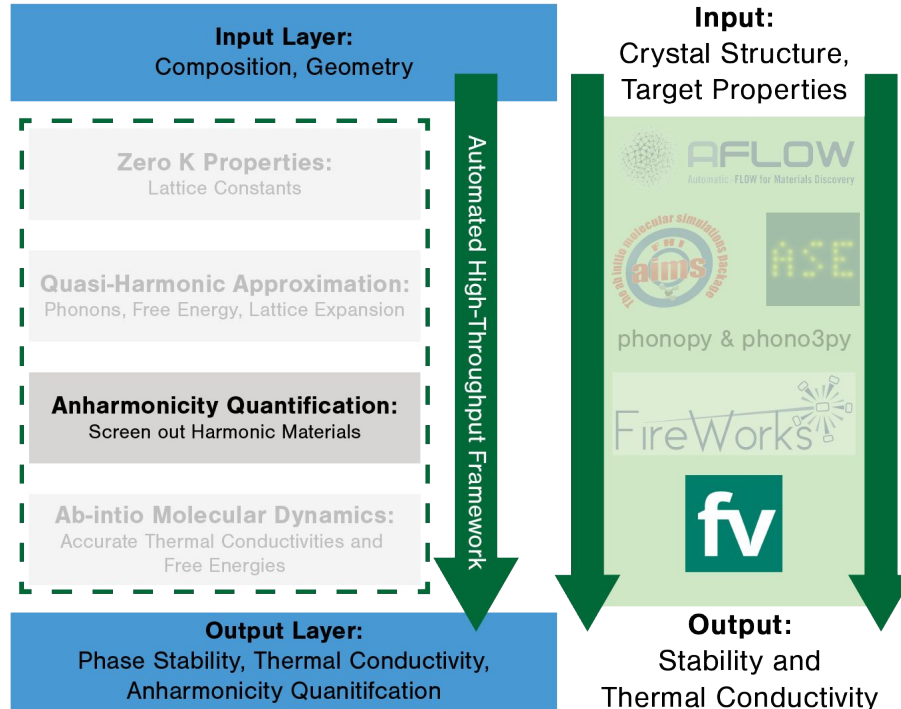
$$f(A, B) = \frac{A \cdot B}{|A|^2 + |B|^2 - A \cdot B}$$



Harmonic Model Convergence Reached



Use the One-Shot Approximation to Quickly Calculate σ^A

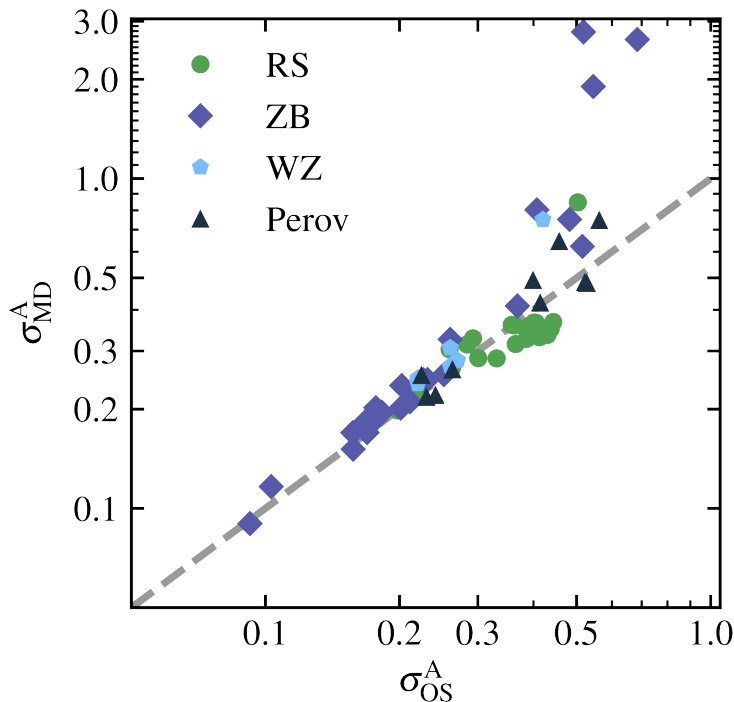
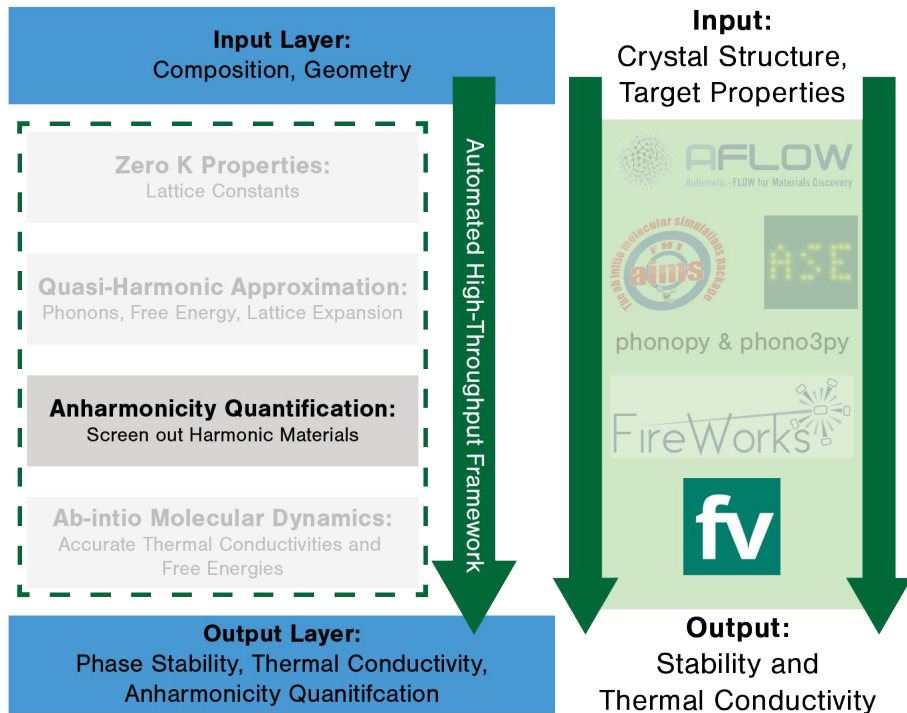


$$D(\Gamma) [\nu_s(\Gamma)] = \omega_s^2(\Gamma) [\nu(\Gamma)]$$

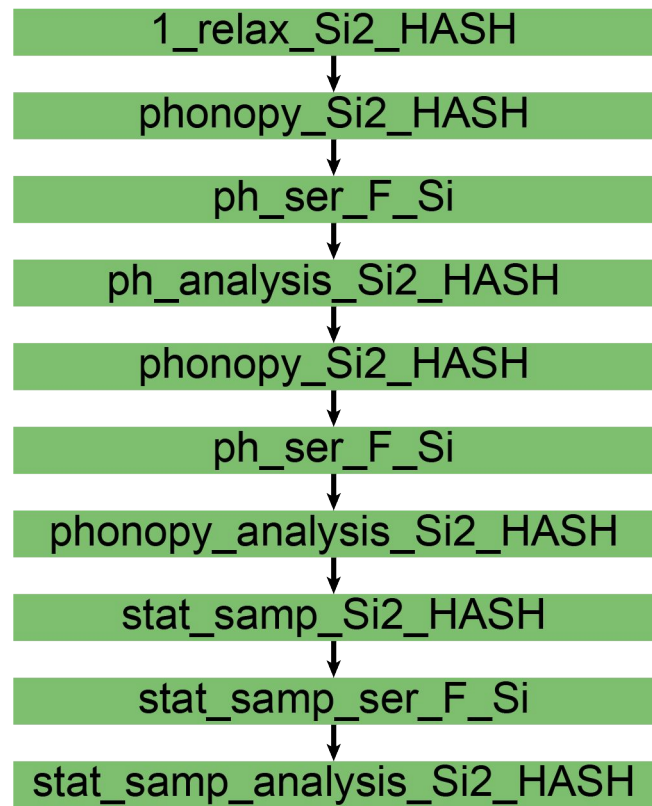
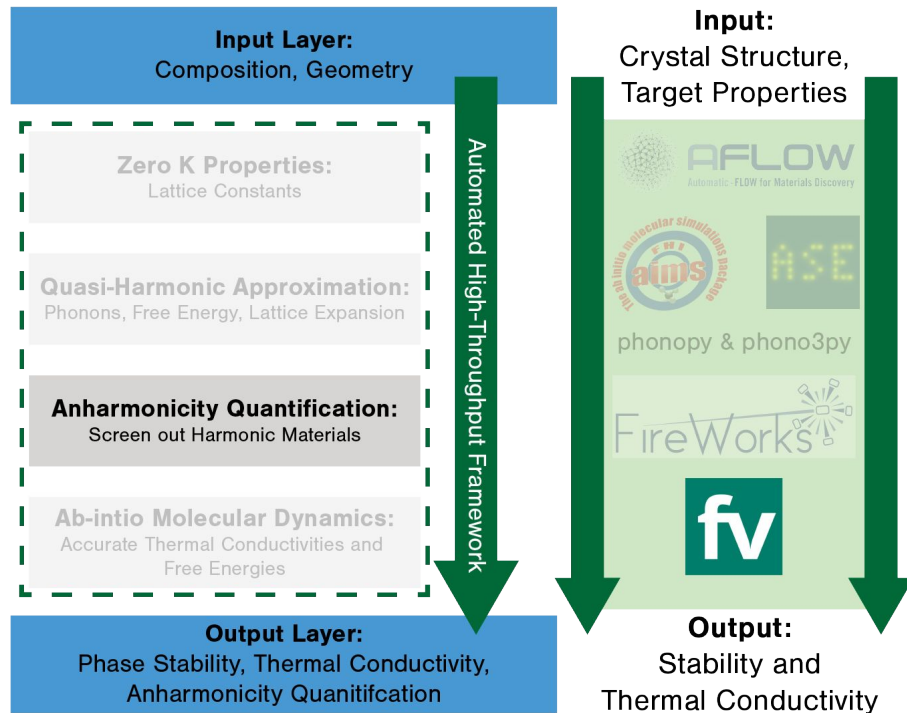
$$A_s = \frac{\sqrt{k_B T}}{\omega_s}$$

$$d_s = \sum_{s=3}^{n_w} -1^s A_s \nu_s(\Gamma)$$

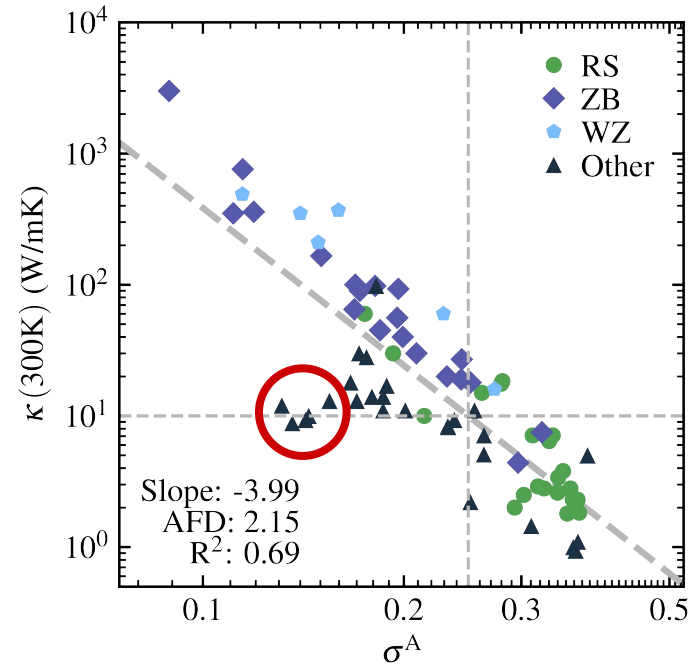
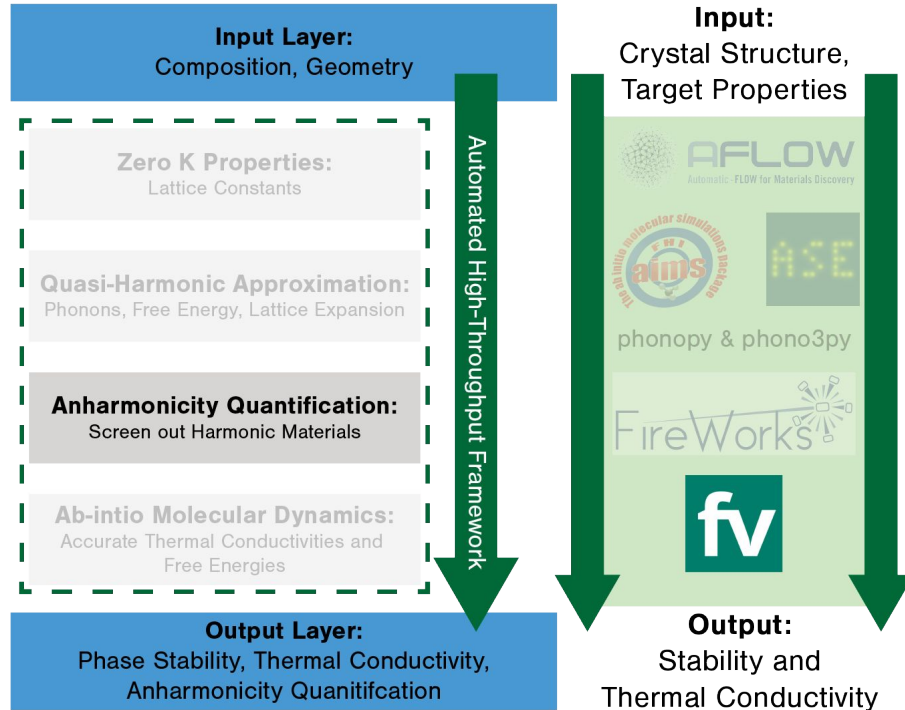
The One-Shot Approximation is Accurate Up to a Point



Workflow is Complete: Should we do aiMD?

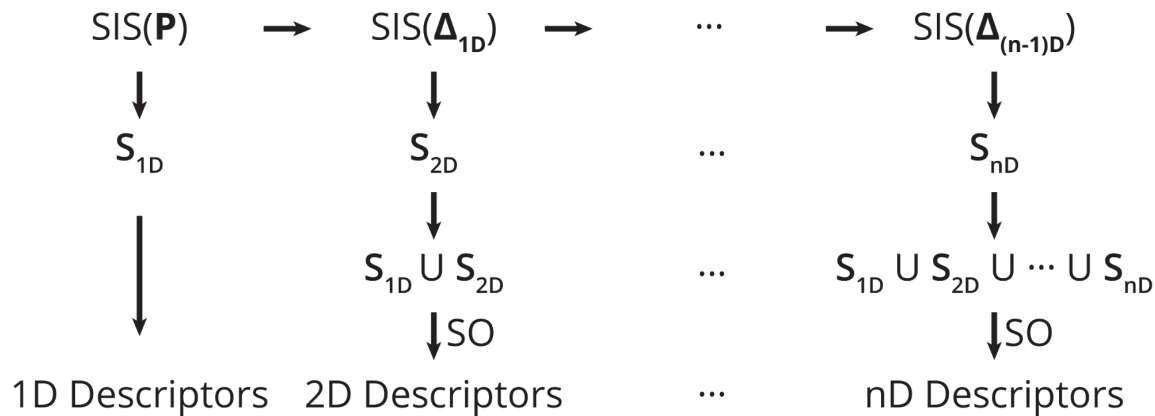
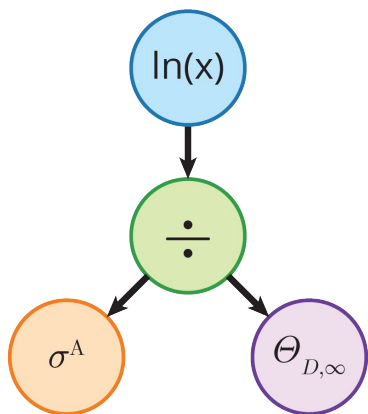


Probably Not, but Why the Outliers?

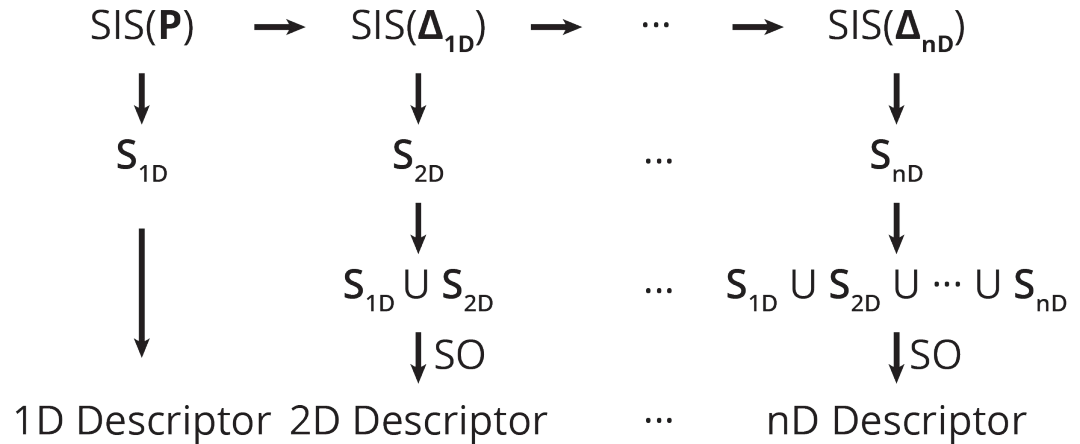
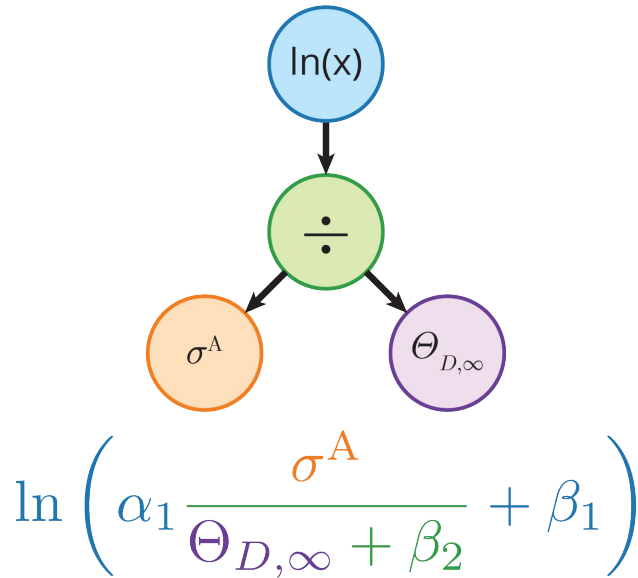


Knoop, F.; Purcell, T. A. R.; Scheffler, M.; Carbogno, C. *Phys. Rev. Mater.* **4**, 083809 (2020)
 Chen, L.; Tran, H.; Batra, R. Kim, C.; Ramprasad, R.. *Comput. Mater. Sci.* **170**, 109155 (2019)

Sure-Independence Screening and Sparsify Operator (SISSO)



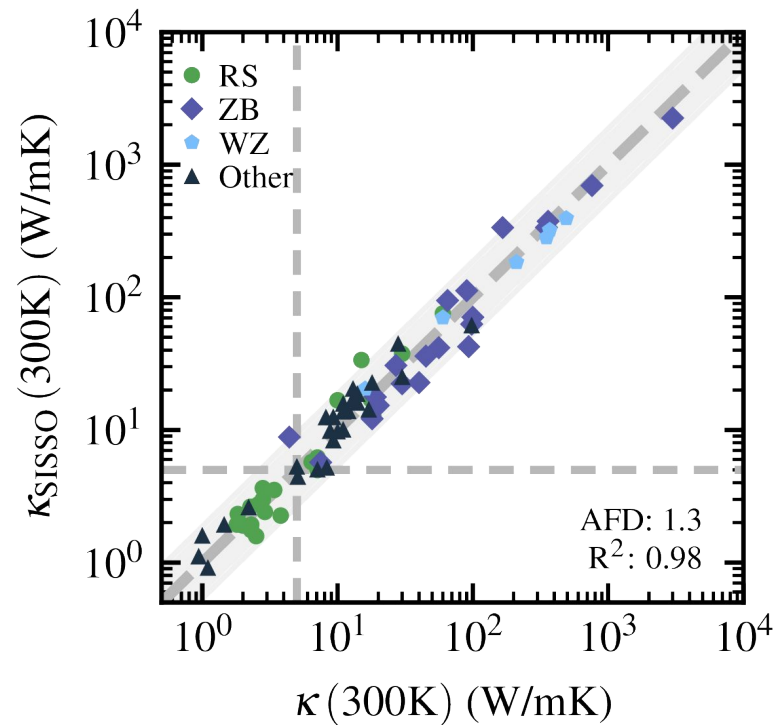
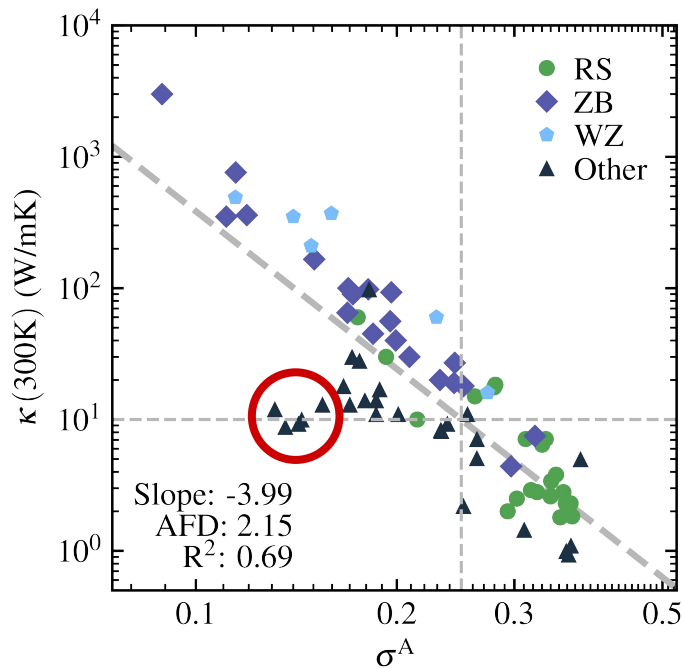
Improve Feature Creation Step with Non-Linear Optimization



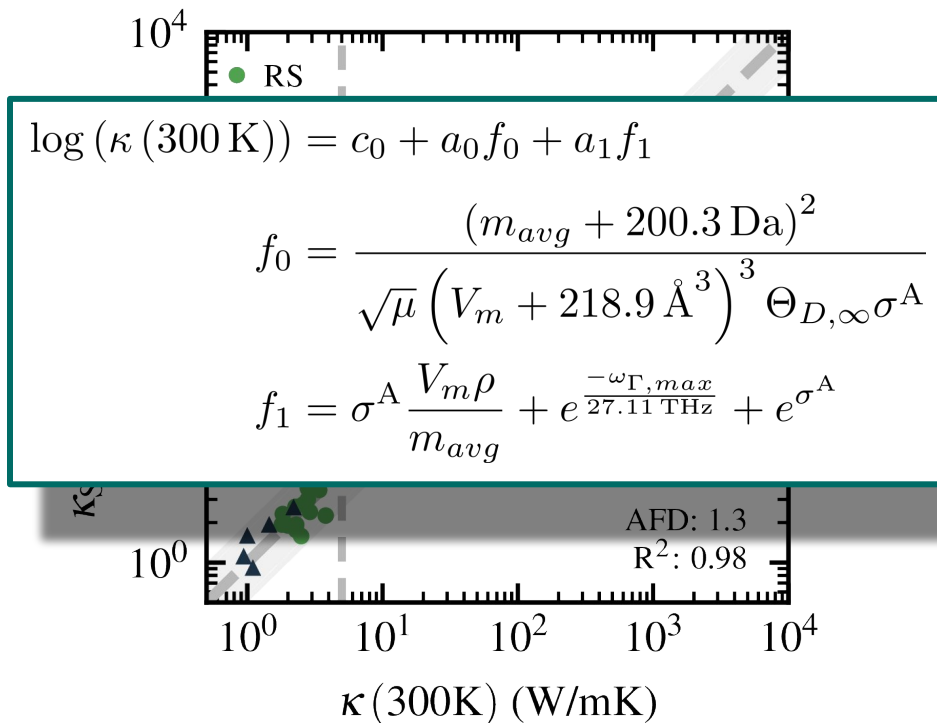
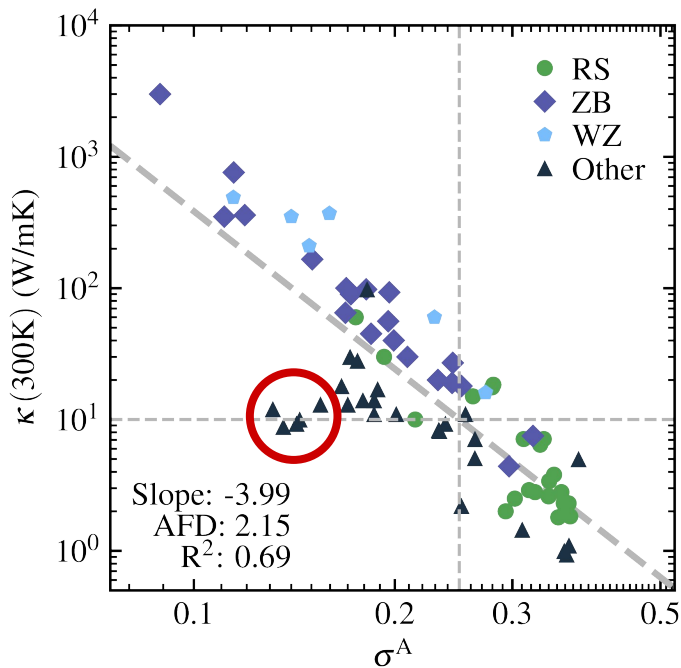
The Primary Features

Property	Symbol	Units
Anharmonicity	σ^A, σ_{OS}^A	Unitless
Debye Temperature Approximations	$\Theta_D^\infty, \Theta_P$	K
Max Phonon Frequency	$\omega_{\Gamma, \max}$	THz
Heat Capacity	C_V	J mol ⁻¹ K ⁻¹
Speed of Sound	v_s	m s ⁻¹
Lattice	$V_m, L_{\min}, L_{\max}, L_{\text{avg}}$	Å
Mass	$\mu, m_{\min}, m_{\max}, m_{\text{avg}}$	Da
Number of Atoms	n_{at}	Unitless
Density	ρ	Da Å ⁻³

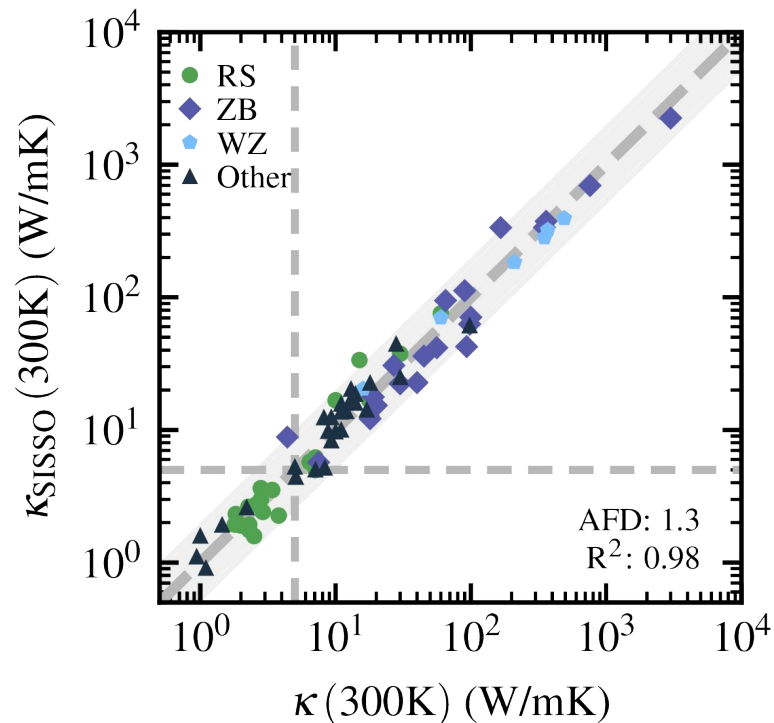
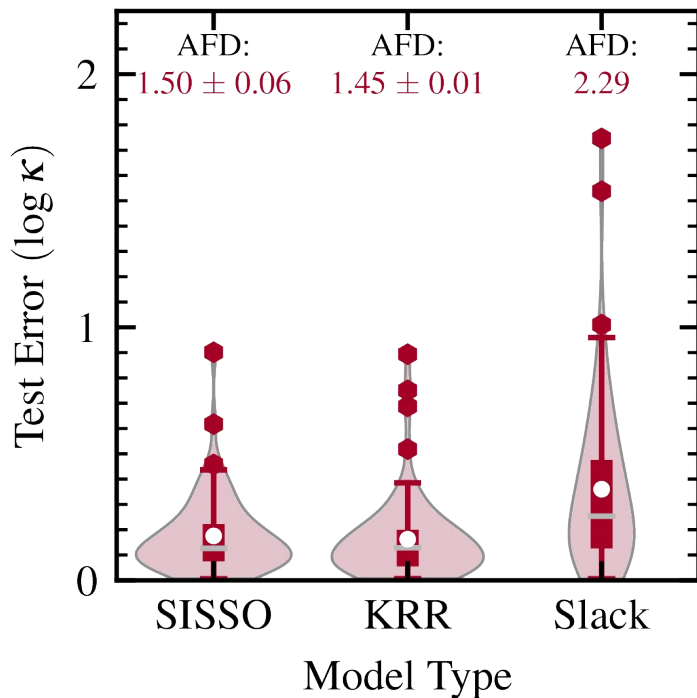
The SISSO Model Removes the Outliers



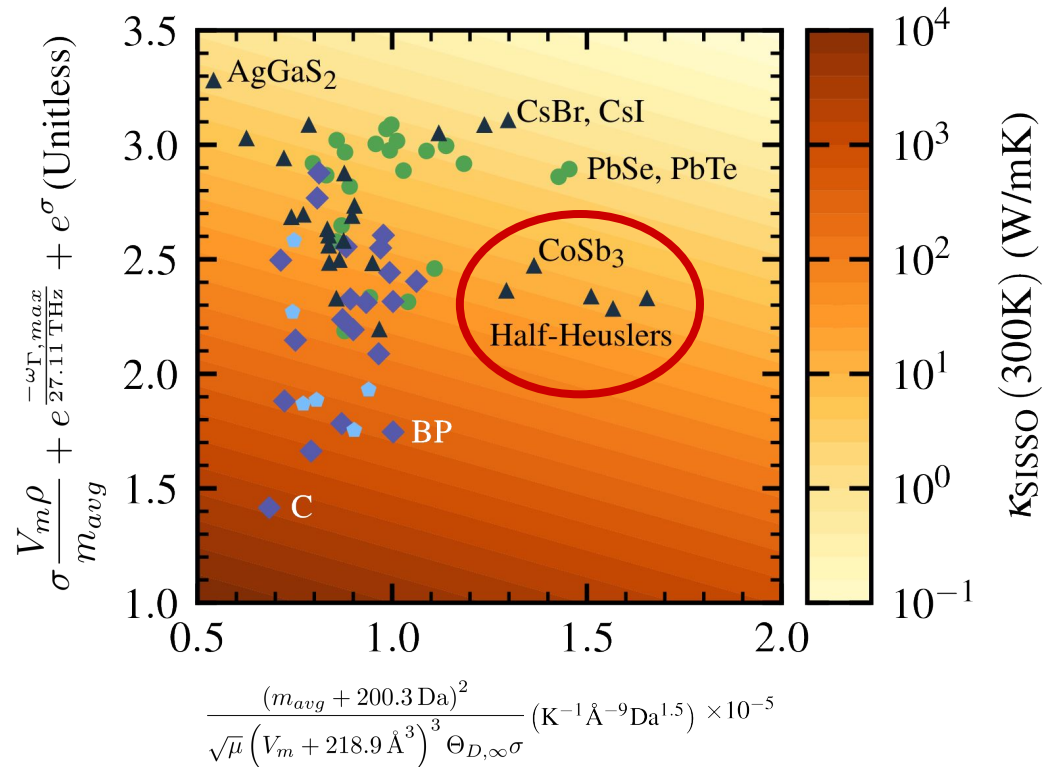
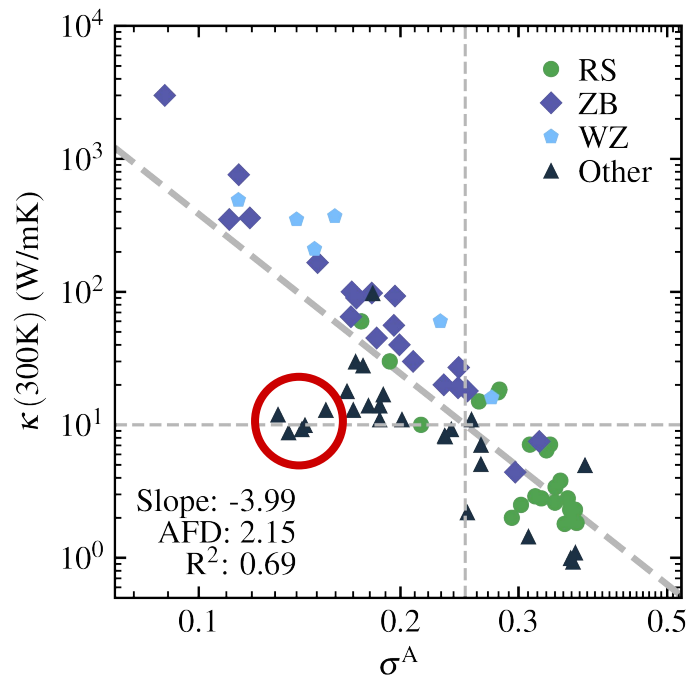
The SISSO Model Removes the Outliers



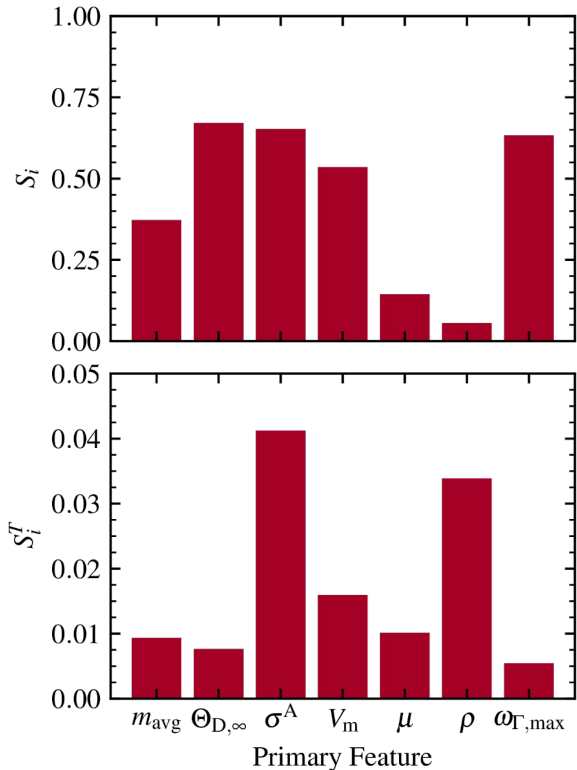
The Model is Predictive and Descriptive



The Origins of the Outliers Found



Which Features Best Describe κ ?



$$S_i = \frac{\text{Var}_{\hat{x}_i} \left(E_{\tilde{\chi}_i} (Y | \hat{x}_i) \right)}{\text{Var} (Y)}$$

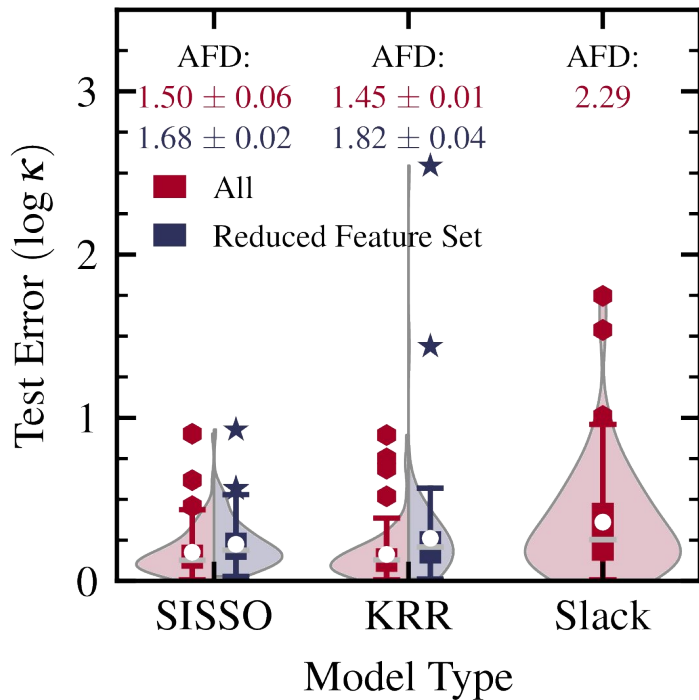
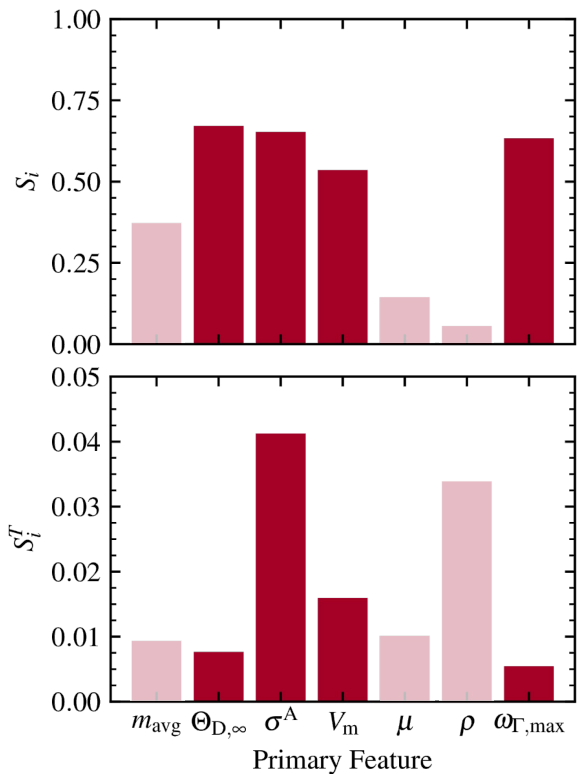
$$S_i^T = 1 - \frac{\text{Var}_{\tilde{\chi}_i} \left(E_{\hat{x}_i} (Y | \tilde{\chi}_i) \right)}{\text{Var} (Y)}$$

P. Wiederkehr, *Global Sensitivity Analysis with Dependent Inputs*, Ph.D. thesis (2018)

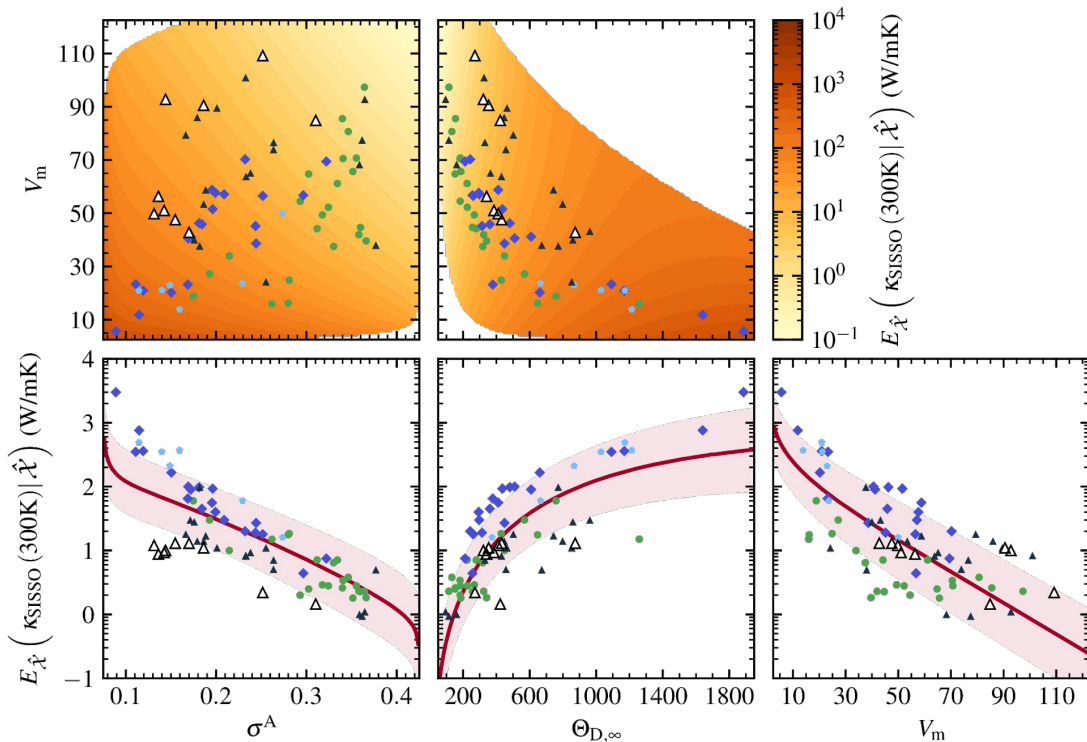
Mara, T.; Tarantola, P.; Annoni, P. *Environ. Model. Softw.* **72**. 173. (2015)

Kucherenko, S., T.; Tarantola, P.; Annoni, P. *Comput. Phys. Commun.* **183**. 937. (2012)

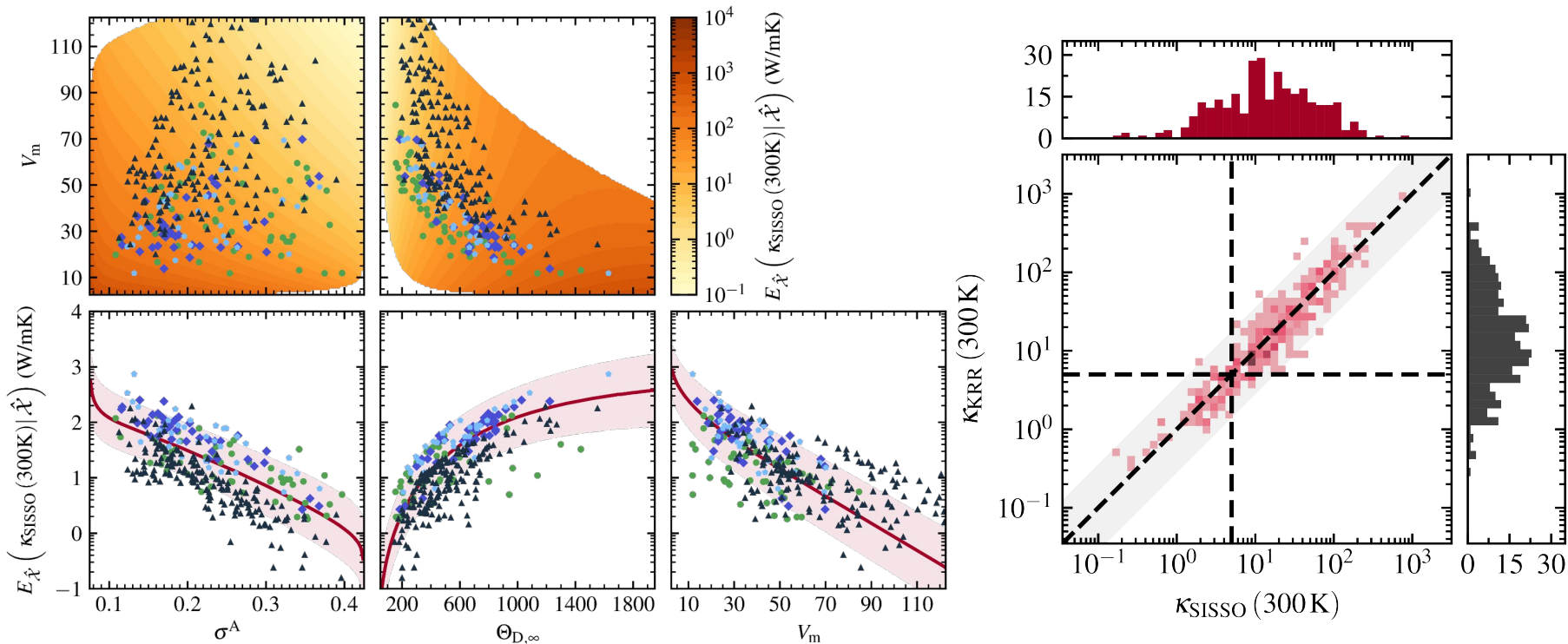
The Reduced Feature Space Still Generates Accurate Models



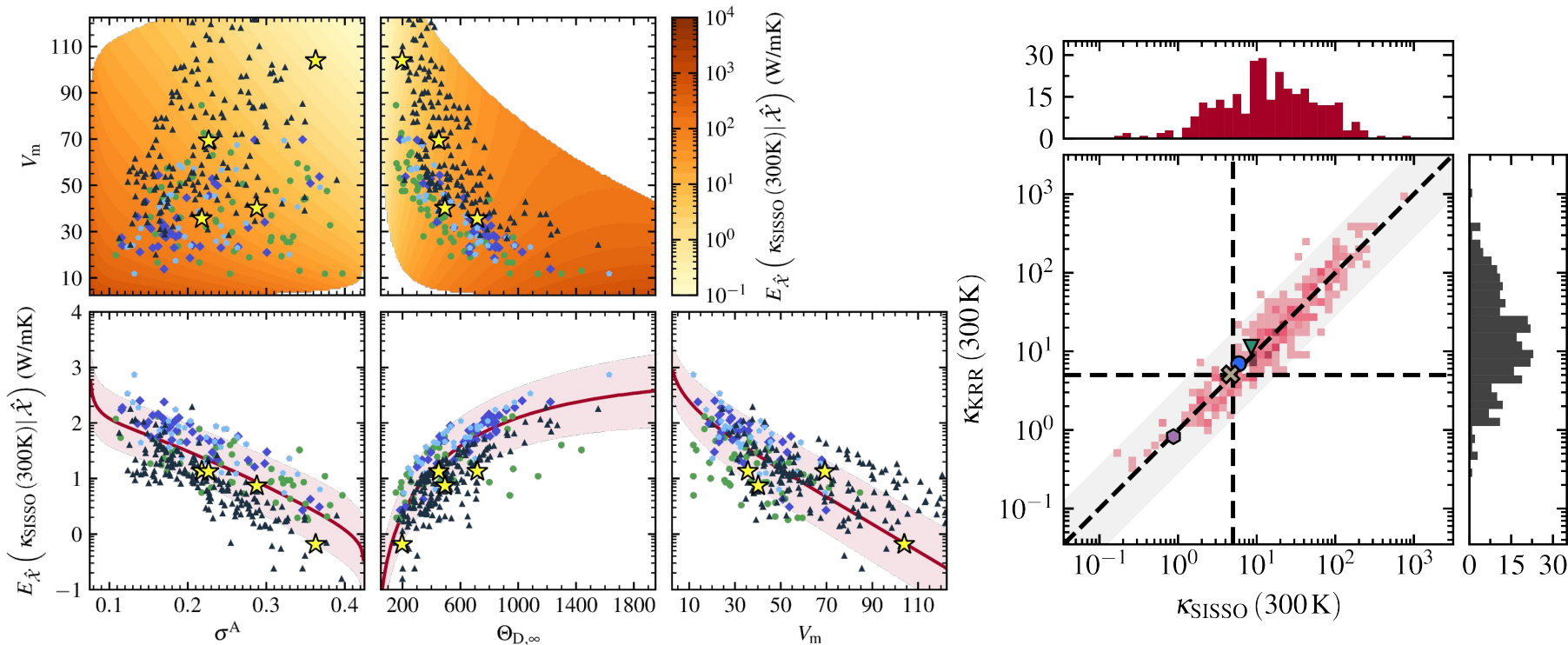
Increased Complexity and Soft Phonons Are Responsible for the Outliers



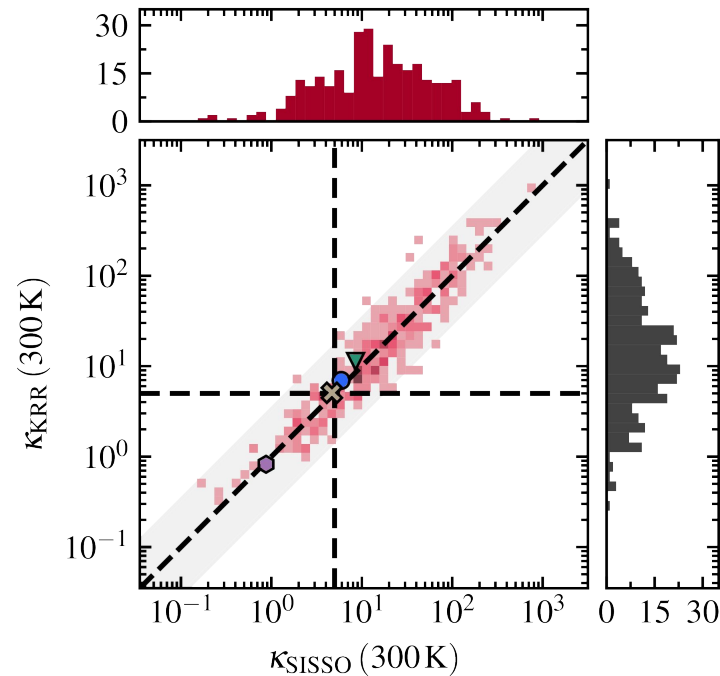
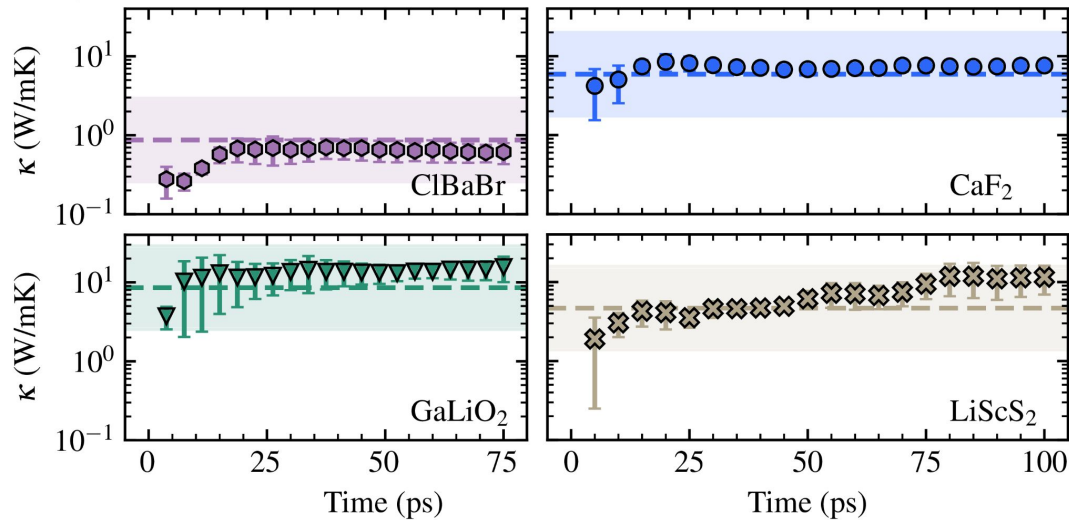
Models Can Predict New Thermal Insulators



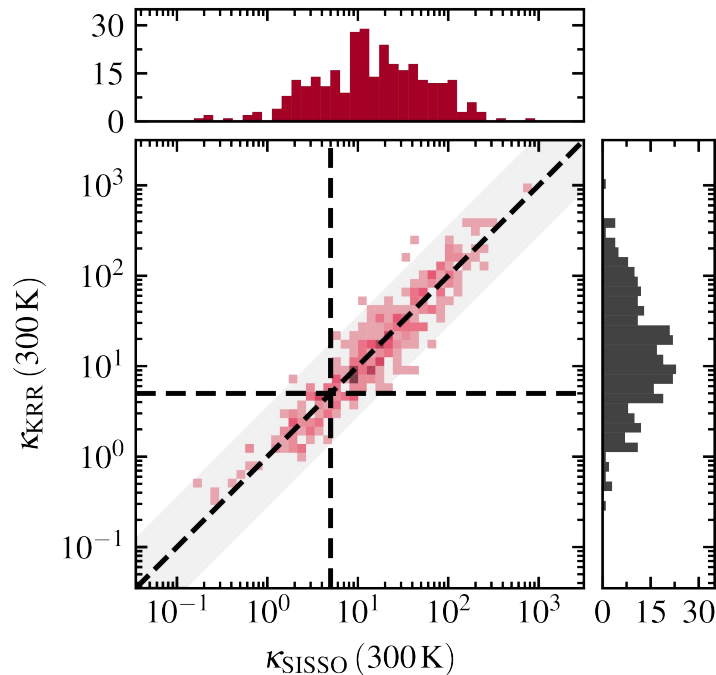
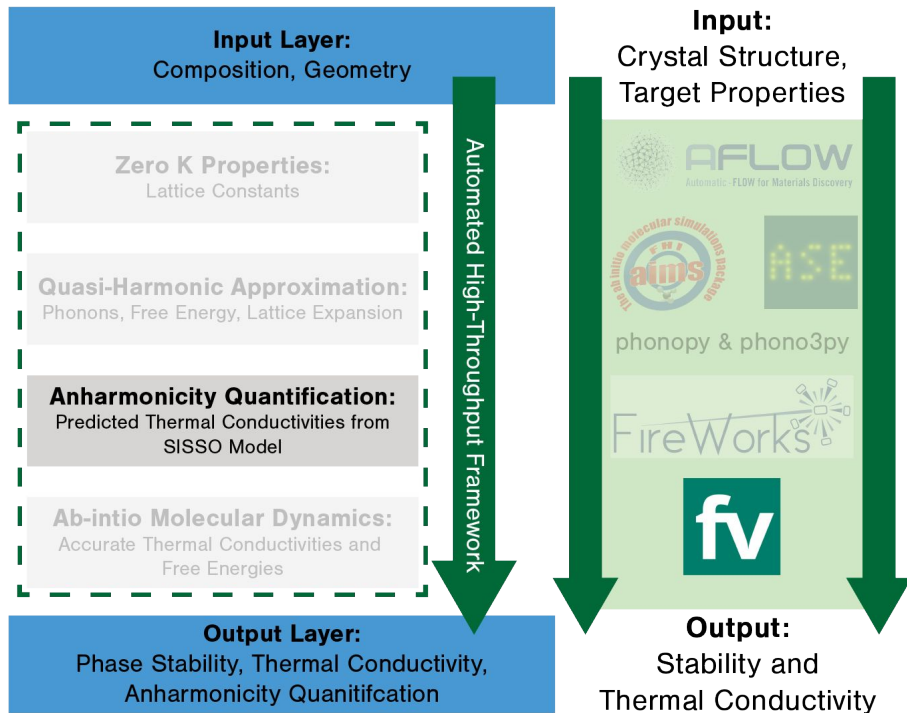
Models Can Predict New Thermal Insulators



The SISSO Model Can Predict Accurate Thermal Conductivities



The Incorporation of SISSO Models: A Path to Active Workflows



Accessing the Software



<https://tinyurl.com/fhi-vibes>

SISSO++

<https://tinyurl.com/sissopp>

Acknowledgements

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Lucas Foppa



European Research Council
Established by the European Commission



Alexander von Humboldt
Stiftung/Foundation



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DATA FACILITY

Questions?
